## Homework Solutions Chapter 11 – Page 713

## Exercise 27

(a) The hypotheses are

 $H_0: \quad \mu_1 = \mu_2 \\ H_1: \quad \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$ 

(b) Enter the data into two separate lists in the TI-83 and use 1-Var-Stats for each list. We obtain  $\overline{x}_1 = 37.43$ ,  $s_1 = 3.69$ ,  $\overline{x}_2 = 42.5$ , and  $s_2 = 3.89$ . Next, calculate  $s_p$ .

$$s_p = \sqrt{\frac{(n_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}}$$
$$= \sqrt{\frac{6 \cdot 3.69^2 + 7 \cdot 3.89^2}{13}}$$
$$= 3.80.$$

Now compute t.

$$t = \frac{(\overline{x}_1 - \overline{x}_2) - 0}{s_p \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + ]frac1n_2}}$$

$$= \frac{37.43 - 42.5}{3.80 \sqrt{\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{8}}}$$

$$= -\frac{5.07}{1.967}$$

$$= -2.578.$$

The *p*-value is  $2 \times \text{tcdf}(-\text{E99}, -2.578, 13) = 0.0229$ .

(c) The results are significant at the 0.05 level. That is, reject  $H_0$ . This means that the average body weight of Strain 2 rats is greater than the average body weight of Strain 1 rats.

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You can get these results on the TI-83 by using 2-SampTTest.